



## India's Dry Chilli Journey Since Independence

### 1950s-1960s: Traditional Approach

 Chilli farming was traditional and regionally confined to southern India, with famous landraces like Byadgi and Guntur Sannam, rain-fed methods, and manual sun-drying practices.

#### 1970s–1980s: Expansion and Commercialization

• India expanded chilli cultivation with institutional support, improved productivity through irrigation and fertilizers, and emerged as a major exporter, with Guntur becoming a national trading hub.

### 1990s: Global Footprint and Hybrids

• India became the global leader in chilli production and export; hybrid varieties were introduced, and the emergence of the oleoresins industry transformed the sector by enabling large-scale processing and exports to food and pharma industries.

### 2000s: Technology and Market Linkages

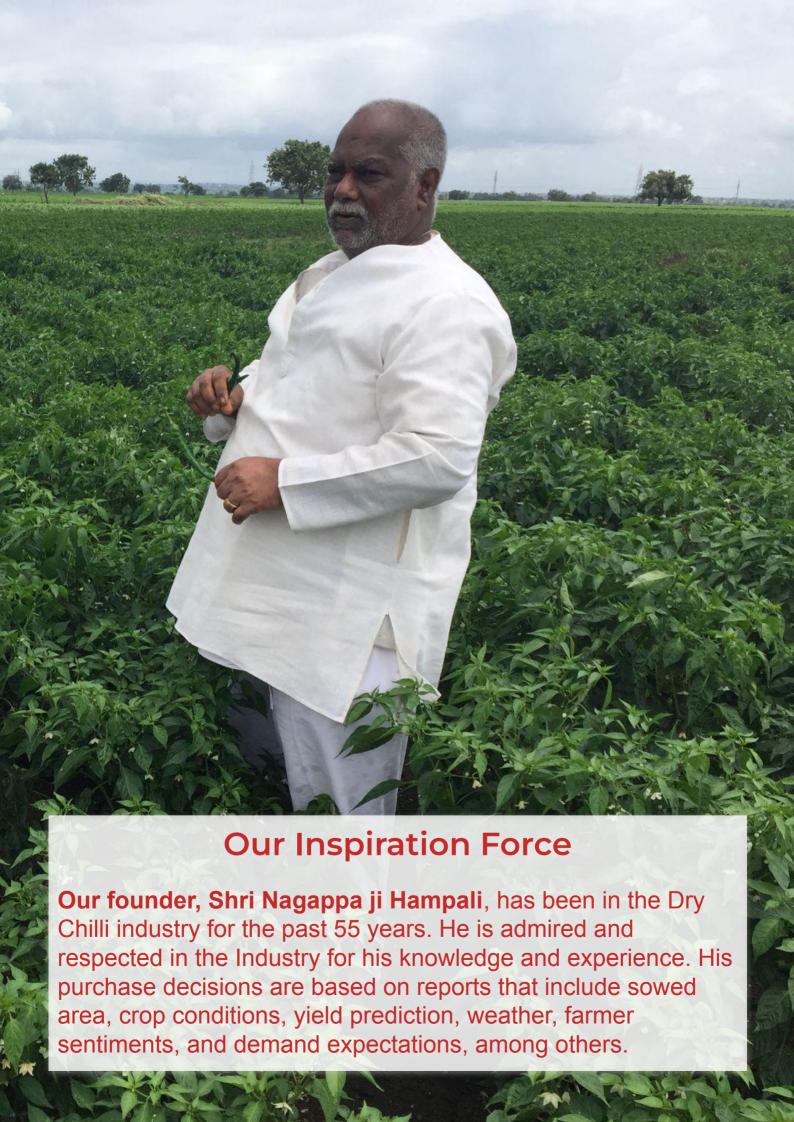
• Cold storage, contract farming, and supply chain improvements emerged, driven by export demands for better quality and safety standards.

#### 2010s: Data, Digitization, and Quality Focus

 Mobile tech and agri-portals empowered farmers with data; exporters prioritized high-color, organic varieties, and China became a key buyer of Indian chilli.

### 2020s: Analytics, Sustainability, and Global Leadership

 Data analytics, traceability, blockchain, and sustainability practices gained momentum to meet global standards, while GI tagging and value-added exports further boosted India's global position.



# Interacting with Industry

To understand

### **Govt Agencies**





### **Seed and Input Companies**









# Interacting with Industry

For solutions

### **Spices and Oleoresins Companies**





### Conferences

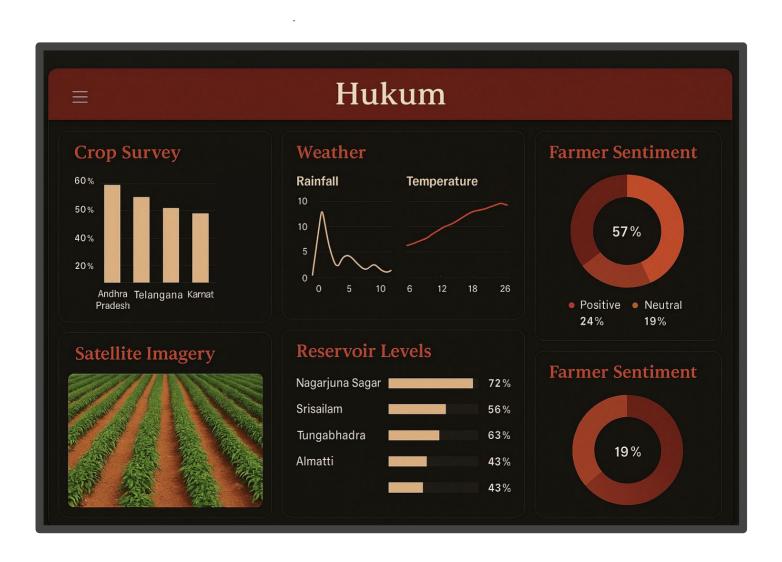




# Hukum

Business Intelligence Software for Dry Chilli Industry

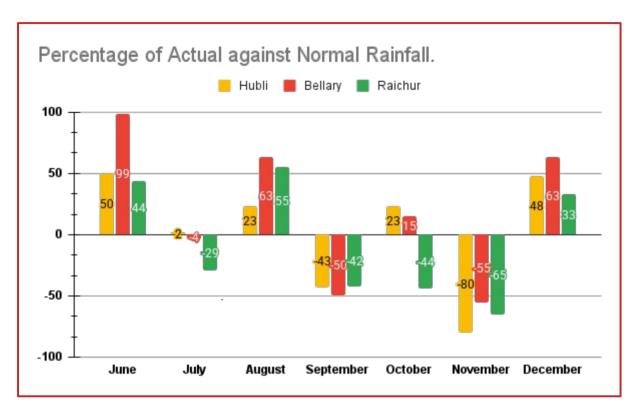
- Hukum captures real-time data from sources such as
  - Market arrivals and prices
  - Weather data,
  - Reservoir levels,
  - Crop surveys,
  - Five years of historical data,
  - Satellite imagery, and more.
- Hukum is a decision-support system that helps stakeholders in the dry chili ecosystem make informed decisions based on real-time data, historical trends, and predictive analysis.

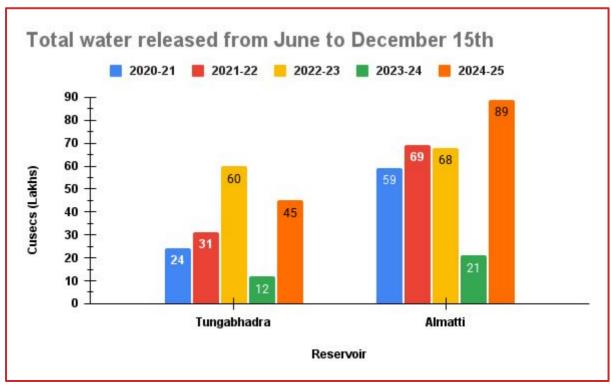


# Case study

Karnataka Dry Chillies Report: 2024-25

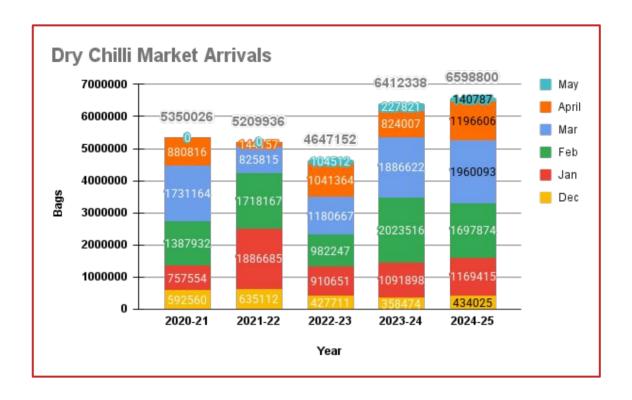
**Sown Area:** Due to lower prices and high carry-forward stock from the previous year, farmers have reduced the sown area by 20% to 25%.





# Case study

Karnataka Dry Chillies Report: 2024-25



### 2024-25 Summarised:

#### **Market Arrivals:**

Around **65 lakh bags** arrived in the market between **December 2024 and May 2025**, similar to last year.

#### **Cold Storage Utilization:**

- Karnataka has a cold storage capacity of over 80 lakh bags.
- By May 2025, storages were 85–90% occupied, including 30% carry-forward stock from the previous year.

#### Sowing & Yield:

- Sowing area was reduced by 20–25% compared to last year.
- However, yield per acre increased by 10–15%.

### **Market Dynamics:**

- Unlike the previous 3 years, 2024–25 was a buyers' market.
- Farmers were in panic selling mode due to high carry-forward stock.
- Many farmers also sold their leftover stock from last year.

#### **Arrival Duration:**

- Chilli arrivals continued till May 2025.
- Last year, arrivals extended until July 2024.

# Pride of the Nation's Fields

**Farmer Stories** 



### The Chilli Seed Custodian

Shri Basaenappa Bellati, a seasoned farmer from Kundgol, has cultivated his 40-acre farm for over 30 years. Unlike most growers who produce dry chillies for consumption, he specializes in growing Byadgi chillies for seed production. His high-quality, rainfed, low-chemical produce is preferred by farmers across Karnataka, Andhra Pradesh, and Telangana, who use his seeds in irrigated lands to achieve superior yield and quality.

### The Eco-Farming Advocate

Shri Ishanna Wali, a dedicated farmer from Hubli area, grows organic Byadgi chillies using cow dung and urine from his family's Gau Shala(Cow Shelter), established on 4 acres of land. His chemical-free, high-quality produce is valued for its rich color and aroma, and his work is inspiring farmers in nearby areas to adopt sustainable farming practices.



# Indian Dry Chillies Domestic | Oleoresin | Export



Contribution towards.... Indian Economical Csrowth

